1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2019)
3	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
4	FOR ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 108 By: Stanislawski of the Senate
5	and
6	Roberts (Sean) of the House
7	
8	
9	<u>COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE</u>
10	An Act relating to public health and safety; creating
11	the Death Certificate Accuracy Act; amending 63 O.S. 2011, Section 1-317, as last amended by
12	Section 25, Chapter 42, O.S.L. 2017 (63 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 1-317), which relates to death
13	certificates; requiring certifier who has knowledge of certain information relating to death to list
14	means under cause of death; amending 63 O.S. 2011, Section 1-324.1, which relates to prohibited acts;
15	<pre>providing that certifier who knowingly omits certain information shall have engaged in unprofessional conduct; providing for certain construction;</pre>
16	providing for certain constitution, providing for codification; and providing an effective date.
17	effective date.
18	
19	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
20	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
21	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1-316b of Title 63, unless there
22	is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
23	This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Death
24	Certificate Accuracy Act"

```
1
        SECTION 2.
                       AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011, Section 1-317, as
 2
    last amended by Section 25, Chapter 42, O.S.L. 2017 (63 O.S. Supp.
    2018, Section 1-317), is amended to read as follows:
 3
        Section 1-317. A. A death certificate for each death which
 4
    occurs in this state shall be filed with the State Department of
 5
    Health, within three (3) days after such death.
 6
 7
        В.
            The funeral director shall personally sign the death
    certificate and shall be responsible for filing the death
 8
    certificate. If the funeral director is not available, the person
10
    acting as such who first assumes custody of a dead body in
11
    accordance with Section 1158 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes
12
    shall personally sign and file the death certificate. The personal
13
    data shall be obtained from the next of kin or the best qualified
14
    person or source available. The certificate shall be completed as
15
    to personal data and delivered to the attending physician or the
16
    medical examiner responsible for completing the medical
17
    certification portion of the certificate of death within twenty-four
18
    (24) hours after the death. No later than July 1, 2012, the
19
    personal data, and no later than July 1, 2017, the medical
20
    certificate portion, shall be entered into the prescribed electronic
21
    system provided by the State Registrar of Vital Statistics and the
22
    information submitted to the State Registrar of Vital Statistics.
23
```

Req. No. 8758 Page 2

The resultant certificate produced by the electronic system shall be

24

provided to the physician or medical examiner for medical certification within twenty-four (24) hours after the death.

- C. The medical certification shall be completed and signed within forty-eight (48) hours after death by the physician in charge of the patient's care for the illness or condition which resulted in death, except when inquiry as to the cause of death is required by Section 938 of this title. No later than July 1, 2017, the medical certification portion of certificate data shall be entered into the prescribed electronic system provided by the State Registrar of Vital Statistics and the information submitted to the State Registrar of Vital Statistics.
- D. In the event that the physician in charge of the patient's care for the illness or condition which resulted in death is not in attendance at the time of death, the medical certification shall be completed and signed within forty-eight (48) hours after death by the physician in attendance at the time of death, except:
- 1. When the patient is under hospice care at the time of death, the medical certification may be signed by the hospice's medical director; and
- 2. When inquiry as to the cause of death is required by Section 938 of this title.
- Provided, that such certification, if signed by other than the attending physician, shall note on the face the name of the

- 1 attending physician and that the information shown is only as 2 reported.
- 3 E. A certifier completing cause of death on a certificate of 4 death who knows that a lethal drug, overdose or other means of 5 assisting suicide within the meaning of Sections 3141.2 through 6 3141.4 of this title caused or contributed to the death, shall list 7 that means among the chain of events under cause of death or list it in the box that describes how the injury occurred. If such means is 8 9 in the chain of events under or in the box that describes how the 10 injury occurred, the certifier shall indicate "suicide" as the
- 12 SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011, Section 1-324.1, is
 13 amended to read as follows:
- Section 1-324.1. A. It shall be unlawful for any person to commit any of the following specified acts in relation to birth, death or stillbirth certificates issued by this state:
- 1. Create, issue, present or possess a fictitious birth, death or stillbirth certificate;
 - 2. Apply for a birth, death or stillbirth certificate under false pretenses;
- 3. Alter information contained on a birth, death or stillbirth certificate;

23

19

20

11

manner of death.

24

- 4. Obtain, display or represent a birth certificate of any person as one's own by any person, other than the person named on the birth certificate;
- 5. Obtain, display or represent a fictitious death or stillbirth certificate for the purpose of fraud;

- 6. Make a false statement or knowingly conceal a material fact or otherwise commit fraud in an application for a birth, death or stillbirth certificate; or
- 7. Knowingly <u>presenting present</u> a false or forged certificate for filing.
- B. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection C of this section, it is a felony for any employee or person authorized to issue or create a birth, death or stillbirth certificate or related record under this title to knowingly issue such certificate or related record to a person not entitled thereto, or to knowingly create or record such certificate bearing erroneous information thereon. A certifier who knowingly omits to list a lethal agent or improperly states manner of death in violation of subsection E of Section 1-317 of this title shall be deemed to have engaged in unprofessional conduct as described in paragraph 8 of Section 509 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- C. A Except as otherwise provided in subsection B of this

 section, a violation of any of the provisions of this section shall

 constitute a felony.

1 D. Notwithstanding any provision of this section, the State 2 Commissioner of Health or a designated agent, upon the request of a 3 chief administrator of a health or law enforcement agency, may 4 authorize the issuance, display or possession of a birth, death or 5 stillbirth certificate, which would otherwise be in violation of 6 this section, for the sole purpose of education with regard to 7 public health or safety; provided, however, any materials used for 8 such purposes shall be marked "void". 9 SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1-317b of Title 63, unless there 11 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 12 Nothing in the Death Certificate Accuracy Act shall be construed 13 to alter the confidentiality of death certificates or the 14 prohibitions on disclosure of their contents provided for in Section 15 1-323 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes. 16 SECTION 5. This act shall become effective November 1, 2019. 17 18 57-1-8758 SH 04/10/19 19

Req. No. 8758 Page 6

20

2.1

22

23

24